



### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

- Govt. of India came up with a Startup India Action Plan in January, 2016 to bolster startup ecosystem of India.
- In this presentation, we have tried to cover the overall performance of the Action Plan as of now, procedure and status of the plan.
- As of November, 2018, **14036** startups have been granted recognition under the plan and **91** startups have been granted certificate of eligibility for tax exemption.
- The procedure for getting recognition has been simplified over the years. Earlier the pace
  of startup recognition was very slow due to requirement of letter of recommendation
  from incubator/VC etc. The same has been done away with. Now a startup can fill a form
  and get the recognition easily.
- Should you have queries regarding the information contained in this presentation, please feel free to contact us. Our contact details are given at the end of this presentation.





#### Criteria for being classified as a Startup





#### 10 years

Age of Startup should not be more than 10 years



Registered as either

a Private Limited
Company
or
a Registered
Partnership Firm

or a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP)



Annual turnover not exceeding

Rs. 100 crore

for any of the financial years since incorporation/ registration



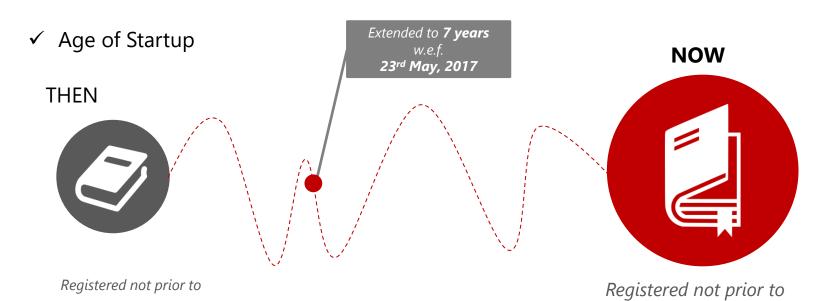
Entity should not have been formed by splitting up or reconstruction a business already in existence



Working towards
innovation,
development or
improvement of
products or processes
or services, or if it is a
scalable business
model with a high
potential of
employment
generation or wealth
creation



### **Changes in Criteria**



5 years

Age of Startup should not be more than 5 years

10 years

Age of Startup should not be more than 10 years



### **Changes in Criteria**

✓ Turnover

#### **THEN**



Annual turnover not exceeding

Rs. 25 crore

for any of the financial years since incorporation/registration



Annual turnover not exceeding

Rs. 100 crore

for any of the financial years since incorporation/registration

w.e.f

19th February, 2019







#### **Self Certification**

Relaxation under **9** environmental & labour laws



Patents, Trademark & Copyright Protection (IPR)

Fast track and **rebate** in filing application for IPR



### **Tax Exemption to startups**

Income Tax exemption for a period of 3 consecutive years and exemptions on capital gains & investments above Fair Market Value



# **Easier Public Procurement Norms**

Exemption on **Earnest Money Deposit (EMD)** and **qualifying criteria** 



#### **Easy Closure**

Winding up of **business within 90 days** under insolvency and Bankruptcy code, 2016



#### **SIDBI Fund of Funds**

Funds for investment into Startup through Alternate Investment Funds





The startups may self-certify compliance in respect of following Labour Laws:

The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972

Other Constructions Workers' (Regulation of Employment & Conditions of Service)

Act, 1996

The Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952

The Inter-State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment & Conditions of Service) Act, 1979

The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970

The Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948

- ➤ No inspections will be conducted for a **period of 5 years**. (in case of labour laws)
- > Startups **may be** inspected on receipt of credible and verifiable complaint of violation, filed in writing and approved by at least one level senior to the inspecting officer.
- Formats for self-certification are available on website: <a href="https://shramsuvidha.gov.in">https://shramsuvidha.gov.in</a>





#### **Tax Exemption to startups**

Income Tax exemption for a period of 3 consecutive years and exemptions on capital gains & investments above Fair Market Value

#### TWO MAIN TAX EXEMPTIONS TO STARTUPS UNDER THE PLAN







Income Tax Exemption on profits (under Section 80-IAC of Income Tax Act)

#### **Meaning:**

• Eligible Startup to get tax exemptions on profits for any 3 consecutive years out of 7 years from the year of incorporation of startup.

#### Criteria for getting tax exemption under section 80-IAC:

### #startupindia

Recognised as Startup under Startup India Action Plant







#### **Opinion:**

- Not all startups recognised under the plan get tax exemption under section 80-IAC
- Separate application has to be filed for applying for tax exemption
- As of November 2018, 91 startups have been given the tax exemption
- Product/service should be innovative and have significant incremental value for customers or workflow





Income Tax Exemption on investments above fair market value (received under Section 56 of Income Tax Act)

#### **Meaning:**

- Exemption under clause (ii) of the proviso to clause (viib) of sub-section (2) of section 56 of the
   Act
- Amount received above the Fair market value of shares by the company shall not be treated as income for taxation purpose

#### **Criteria for getting tax exemption under section 56:**











2

Income Tax Exemption on investments above fair market value (received under Section 56 of Income Tax Act)



issue

# AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF <u>PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL</u> AND <u>SHARE</u> <u>PREMIUM</u> OF THE STARTUP

AFTER ISSUE OR PROPOSED ISSUE OF SHARE

**DOES NOT EXCEED** 

**RS. 25 CRORE** 

Amounts **not included** while computing paid up share capital and share premium

More than 300 startups already got the exemption



Amount invested by a Non-resident





Amount invested by a venture capital company



Amount invested by a specified company



2

# Income Tax Exemption on investments above fair market value (received under Section 56 of Income Tax Act)



No investment in certain class of Assets Before and after investment



Any asset, whether in the nature of capital asset or otherwise, of the nature specified in sub-clauses (iv) to (ix) of clause (d) of Explanation to clause (vii) of sub-section (2) of section 56 of the Act



#### Land or building

other than that used by the Startup for the purposes of renting or held by it as stockin-trade, in the ordinary course of business



**Shares & Securities** 

Startup shall not invest in the mentioned assets for seven years from the end of the latest financial year in which shares are issued at premium



#### **Loans & Advances**

other than loans or advances extended in the ordinary course of business by the Startup where the lending of money is substantial part of its business



#### MOTOR VEHICLE, AIRCRAFT, YACHT OR ANY OTHER MODE OF TRANSPORT

the actual cost of which exceeds

Rs. 10 Lakhs,
other than that held by the Startup
for the purpose of plying, hiring,
leasing or as stock-in-trade, in the
ordinary course of business



## CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION

made to any entity



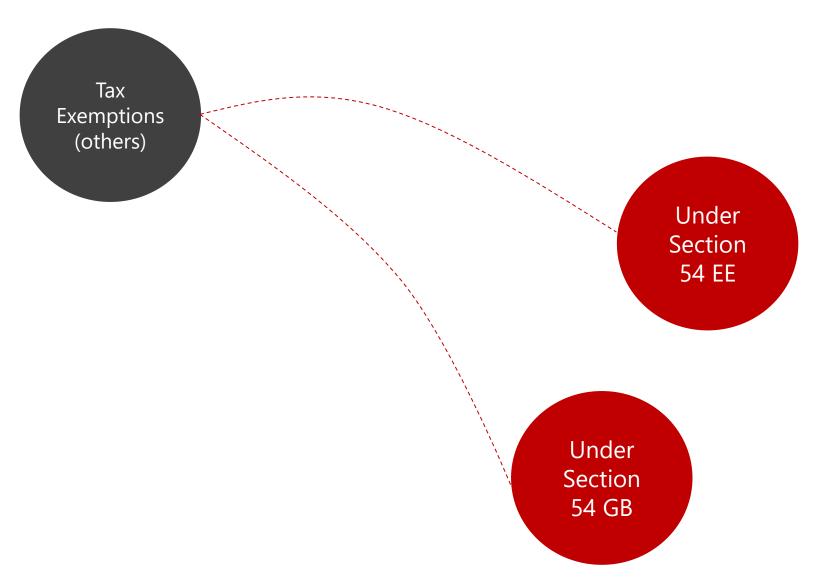
#### Jewellery

other than that held by the Startup as stock-intrade in the ordinary course of business;





# **TAX EXEMPTIONS (OTHERS)**





## **TAX EXEMPTIONS (OTHERS)**

Under Section 54 EE

- A new section 54 EE has been inserted in the Income Tax Act for the eligible startups
- Exemption of tax on a long-term capital gain
- If such a long-term capital gain or a part thereof is invested in a fund notified by Central Government within a period of six months from the date of transfer of the asset









# **TAX EXEMPTIONS (OTHERS)**

Under Section 54 GB

- Provisions u/s 54GB allowed the exemption from tax on long-term capital gains on the sale of a residential property if such gains are invested in the small or medium enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006.
- Section amended to include exemption on capital gains invested in eligible startups also.
- If an individual or HUF sells a residential property and invests the capital gains to equity shares of the eligible startups, then tax on long term capital will be exempted.

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Investment in Equity Shares of a startup

50% or more shareholding



Lock-in-period

5 years

From the date of acquisition



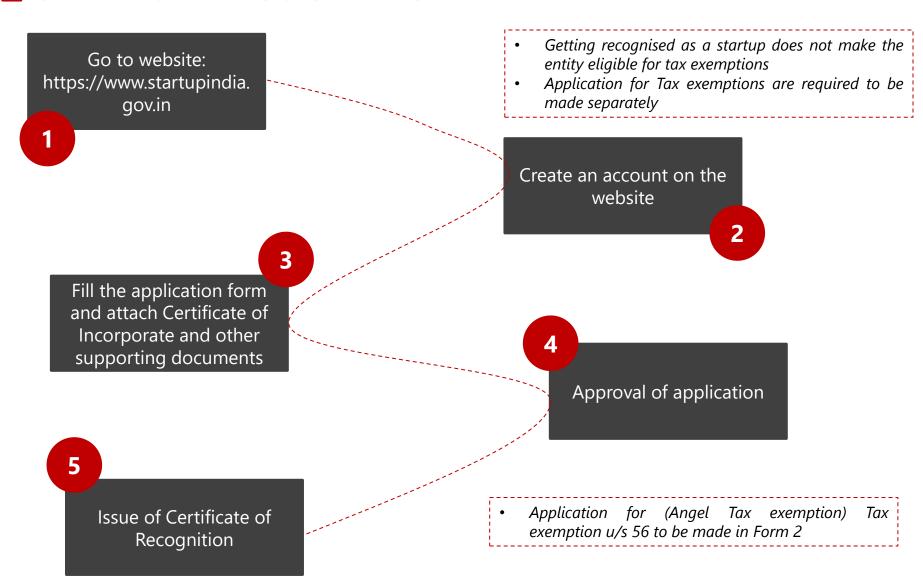
Lock-in-period for startups Use funds for purchase of assets and no transfer allowed till 5 years



Startup Recognition



### STARTUP RECOGNITION





# **Knovalt Corporate Advisors Private Limited**("Knovalt")

is a multi-dimensional corporate consultancy company with focus on:

**Kno**wledge Enhancement

Value Creation

&

Trust Building

Over the years, our team has developed capability and expertise in specialised areas encompassing corporate laws, security laws, finance and taxation.

We always ensure that the business objectives of our clients are met in the most creative and expeditious manner.

We believe in providing the most cost effective business solutions to the clients since we see our growth in our clients' growth.



## **SERVICES**













# THANK YOU

### KNOVALT CORPORATE ADVISORS PRIVATE LIMITED

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